

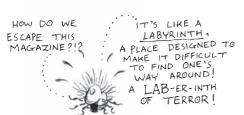
Although today's corn mazes may get a boost from modern technology, people have been designing, building, and getting lost in mazes for thousands of years. Mazes first appeared in Greek mythology; the most famous was the labyri nth at Knossos, home of the Minotaur, a half-man, half-bull mo nster. In the Middle Ages, gardeners built "puzzle hedges" in European castle gardens to amuse the royal court. By the 19th century, mazes had become a popular form of entertainment all over the wo rld.

In 1993, producer Don Frantz and designer Adrian Fisher built the world's f irst corn maze in Annville, Pennsylvania. Their dino-shaped creation, "Cornelius, The Cobasaurus," sparked a corn maze craze—there are now approximately one thousand corn mazes across the United States, and corn mazes on every continent except for frosty Anta rctica.



Today you can still stroll through the Hampton Court Maze in Surrey, England, built in 1690.







BE A WAY



A partially punched Crazy Train Maze game card (say it three times fast!)

New Jersey, Pennsylvania's neighbor to the east, features many mazes with hidden challenges. In the Crazy Train Maze, you'll get a map marked with checkpoints that indicate where you can punch holes in your game card. If your card is completely punched by the time you reach the exit, you might win a prize such as a balloon ride. In Howell Farm's Corn Maze, you should follow every path (including dead ends) to hunt down puzzle pieces that form a map of the maze. And stay alert for answers to the trivia quiz, which is based on the maze's them e. If you finish your quiz the fastest and win the most points, you are proclaimed the K ing or Queen of the Maze.

But even the best maze-runners can get stuck, so farmers at the West Portal Pumpkin Patch post sign s to help you find your way. At Howell Farm, colorful ribbons tied between the cornstalks mark different areas of the maze; you can color your map to match and then plot your location. A "maze guard" al so watches from a tower, high above the corn field. Shout up to her or wave your colored f lag above the cornstalks. S he'll yell down a clue. And if you're lost in the Crazy Train Maze, experienced "corn cops" are there to serve and protect you.



Witch Way Out? Billings, Montana

The Headless Horseman, Canton, Mississippi

It takes about 200,000 cornstalks to make an average-sized, four-acre corn maze—that's about the size of three football fields!



never "steer" you wrong.

Every adventurer has a different maze-solv ing strategy. Some people just charge in and hope for the best. Others remember the location of a hill, a tall tree, the sun, or the moon. Another approach is to use the "right-hand rule." Whenever you see a path going to the right, follow it. Sooner or later, you'll reach an exit.

Corn maze architect Matt Mill er says, "Eight- to tenyear-olds are one of the best age groups for navigating a maze. They remember a gum wrapper on the ground, a footprint, or a bent cornstalk. It's noticing t hese little details that give the kids that 'maze intuition."

Funny—you don't recall seeing any gum wrappers, and all those cornstalks are starting to look the same. But never fear. One wayy or another, you won't be lost in a corrn maze forever. You'll find your way out . . . eventually. *



WE NEED A STRATEGY, A PLAN FOR ACHIEVING A GOAL, FOR ESCAPING ZOMBUGGIES!



MY DAMSELFLY INTUITION , RIGHT, WE'LL FIND AN

NOT BE EXPLAINED, ELLS ME THAT IF WE RUNNING TO THE EXIT!

Is this a clue

or lunch?

Tostes like luncy to the

Corn Cop to the rescue!